

Coupling Conduction, Convection and Radiative Transfer in a Single Path-Space: Application to Infrared Rendering

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Eymet³ Vincent Forest³ Richard Fournier² Jacques Gautrais⁴
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¹IRIT, CNRS, Université de Toulouse, UPS

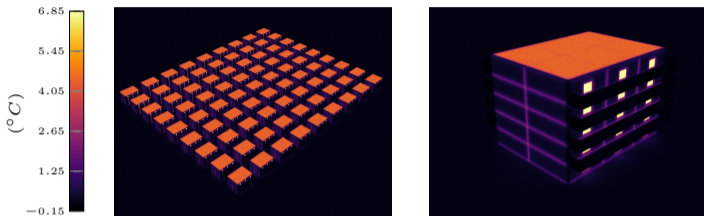
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August 2023

Solving heat-transfer for infrared rendering

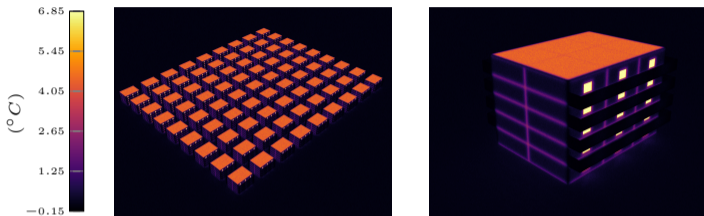


Conduction

Convection

Radiation

Solving heat-transfer for infrared rendering



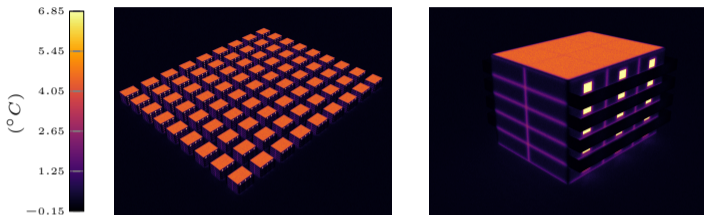
Mesh-based methods

[Goral et al., 1984]

Physical accuracy ✓

Scalability ✗

Solving heat-transfer for infrared rendering



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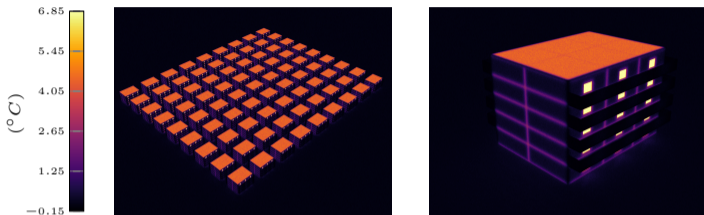
Reduced models

[Muñoz et al., 2018]

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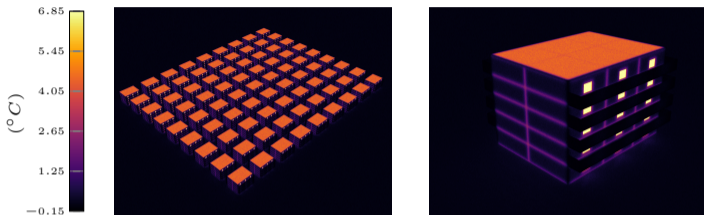
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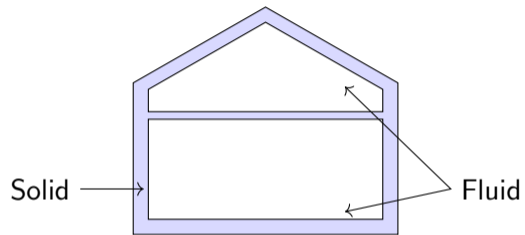
Unique space

Conduction

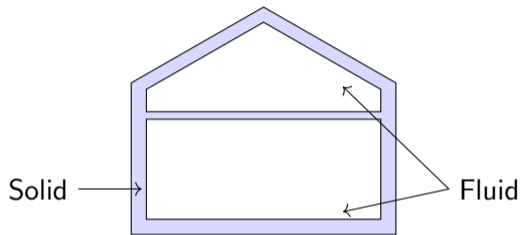
Convection

Radiation

Physical model



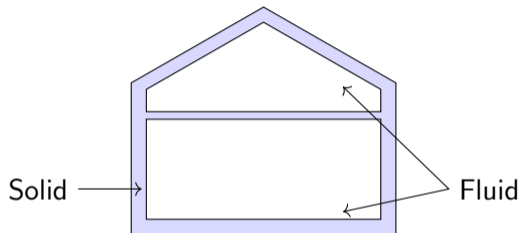
Physical model



Conduction

Diffusion

Physical model



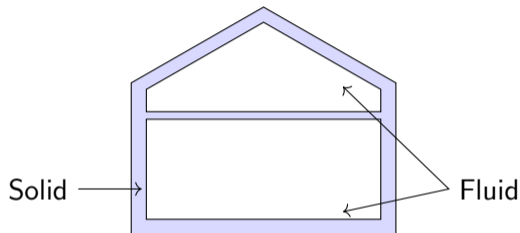
Conduction

Diffusion

Convection

Perfectly-mixed cavity

Physical model



Conduction

Diffusion

Convection

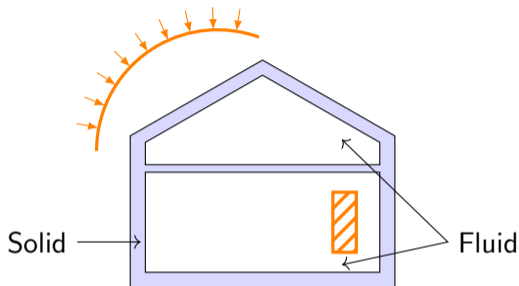
Perfectly-mixed cavity

Radiation

Rendering Equation

[Tregan et al., 2023] for radiation in volumes

Physical model



Conduction

Diffusion

Convection

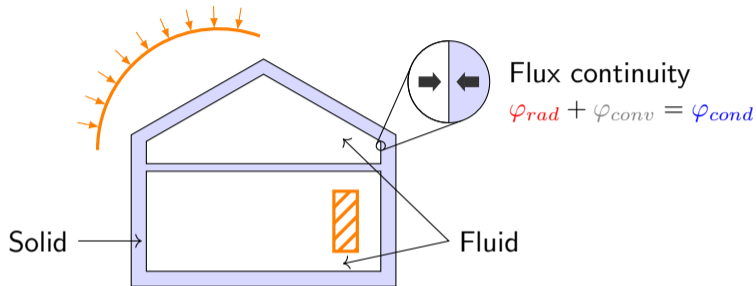
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Physical model



Conduction

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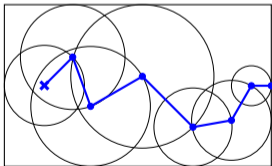
[Tregan et al., 2023] for radiation in volumes

Coupled path-space construction

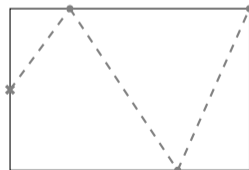
1. Express all equations on the same quantity

Coupled path-space construction

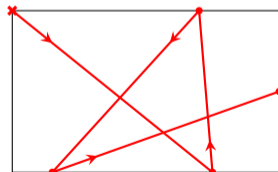
1. Express all equations on the same quantity
2. For each mode, write the quantity as an expectation of a process



Conduction



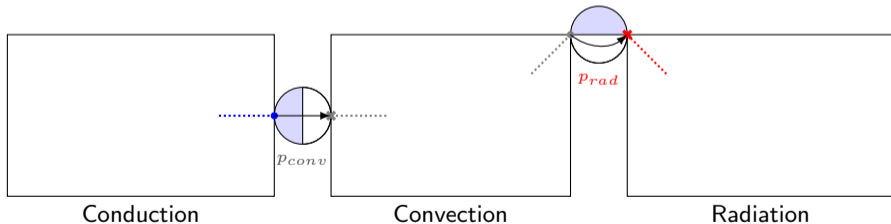
Convection



Radiation

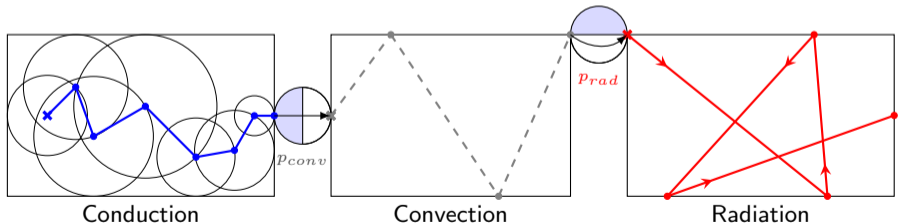
Coupled path-space construction

1. Express all equations on the same quantity
2. For each mode, write the quantity as an expectation of a process
3. Probabilize the coupling between modes

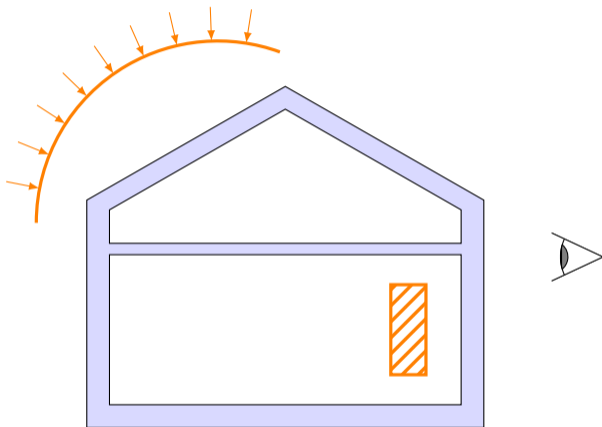


Coupled path-space construction

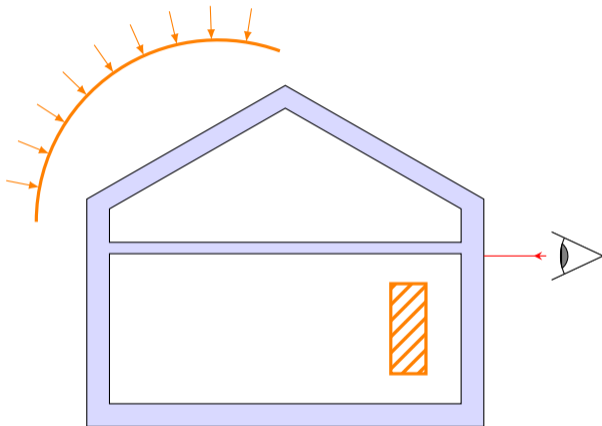
1. Express all equations on the same quantity
2. For each mode, write the quantity as an expectation of a process
3. Probabilize the coupling between modes
4. Apply Monte Carlo to build a single path-space



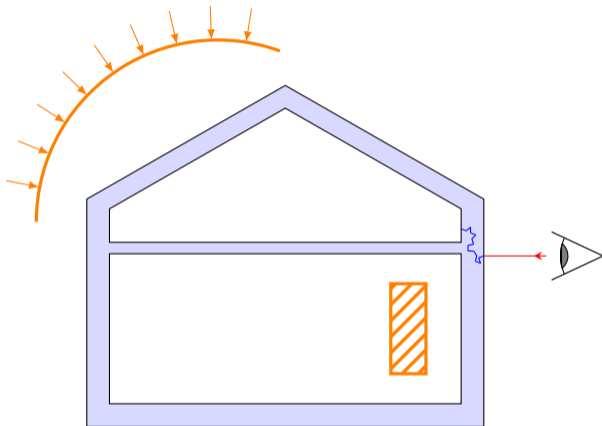
Monte Carlo algorithm



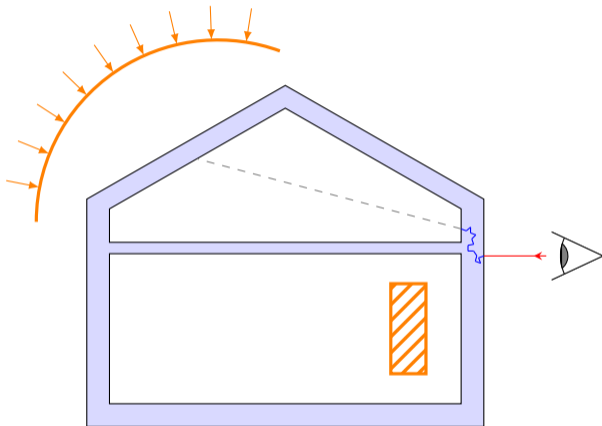
Monte Carlo algorithm



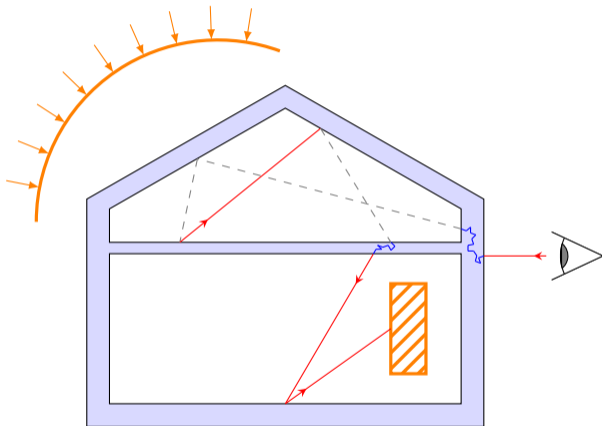
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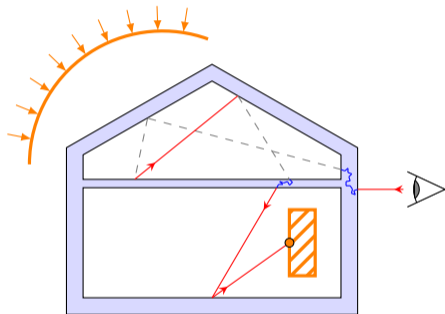
Monte Carlo algorithm



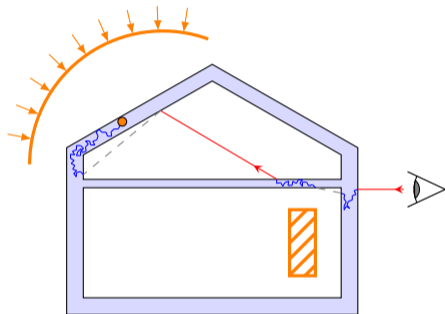
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Monte Carlo algorithm

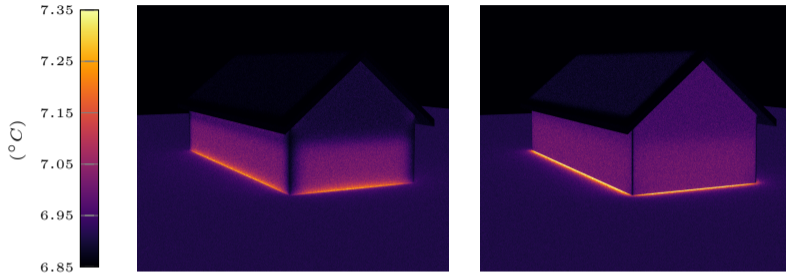


Stop at boundary condition

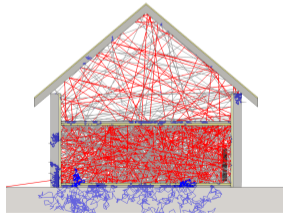
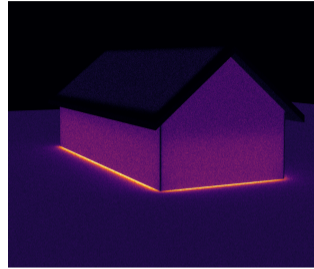
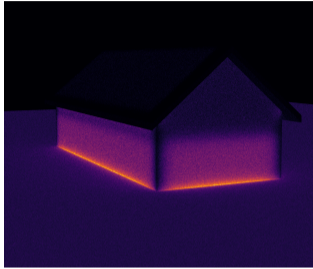
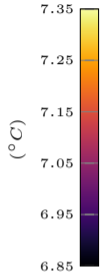


Stop at initial condition

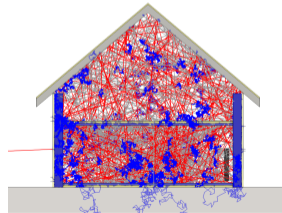
Applications



Applications

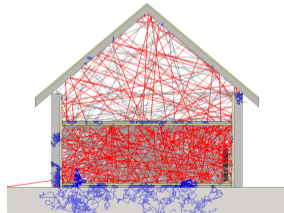
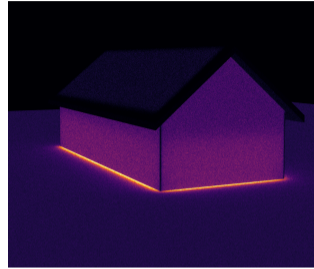
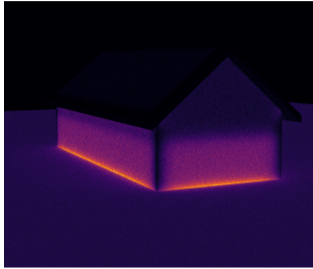
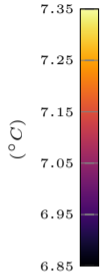


Internal insulation

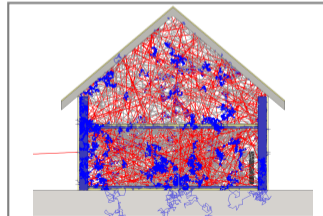


External insulation

Applications

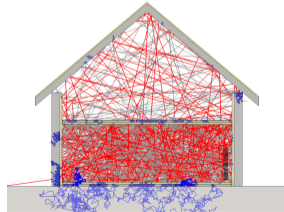
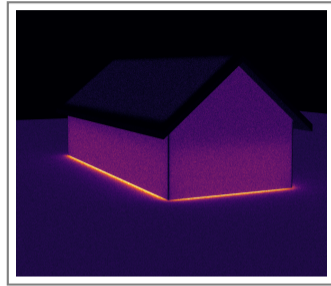
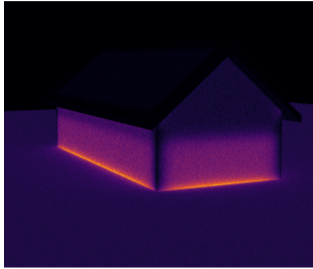
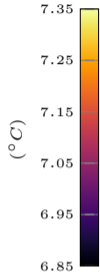


Internal insulation

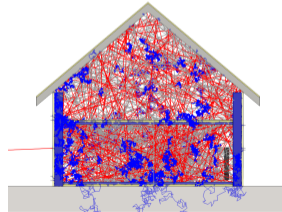


External insulation

Applications

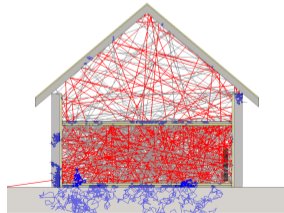
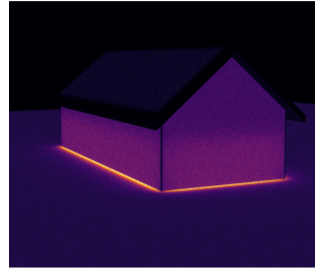
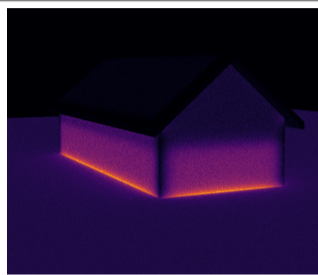
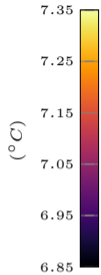


Internal insulation

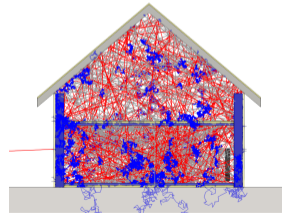


External insulation

Applications



Internal insulation



External insulation

Applications

- ▶ Path visualization for analysis
- ▶ Fast model through path replay

Change source temperature : store final source identifier

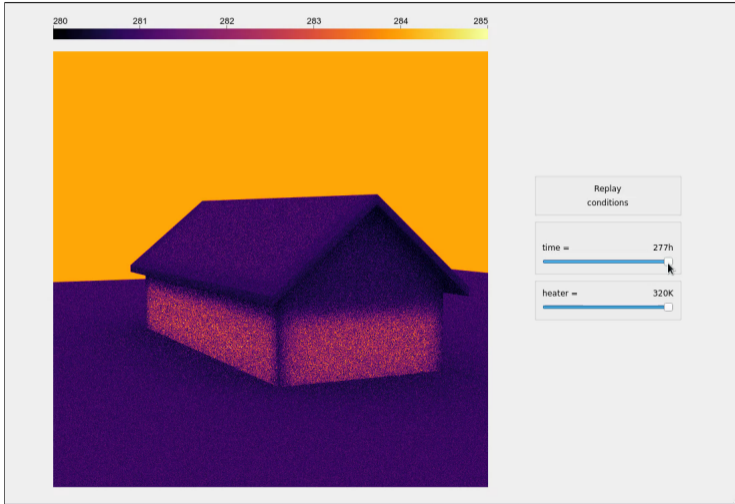
Applications

- ▶ Path visualization for analysis
- ▶ Fast model through path replay

Change source temperature : store final source identifier
or observation time + path duration*

*Under homogeneous initial condition

Applications



Applications

- ▶ Path visualization for analysis
- ▶ Fast model through path replay
- ▶ Parameter sensibility analysis [Penazzi et al., 2022]

Limitations

- ▶ High variance for insulated sources (low probability to reach source)
 - ▶ [Qi et al., 2022]

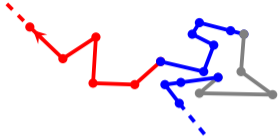
Limitations

- ▶ High variance for insulated sources (low probability to reach source)
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- ▶ Path entrapment (low probability to change mode)
- ▶ Bias introduced at interfaces
 - ▶ [Sawhney et al., 2023; Sugimoto et al., 2023]

Perspectives – towards non-linear situations



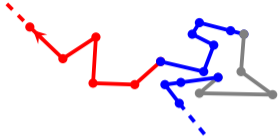
Coupling via the sources

Perspectives – towards non-linear situations

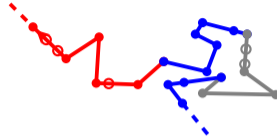
"Monte Carlo methods are not generally effective for nonlinear problems mainly because expectations are linear in character."

[Curtiss, 1953]

Perspectives – towards non-linear situations



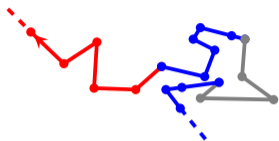
Coupling via the sources



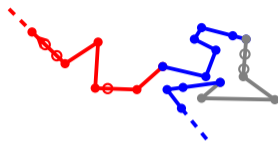
... with null-collision
[El Hafi et al., 2021]

$$T = \exp\left(-\int_{\Gamma} \kappa(\gamma) d\gamma\right)$$

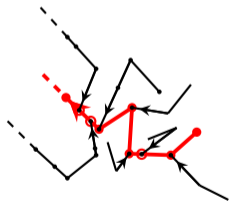
Perspectives – towards non-linear situations



Coupling via the sources

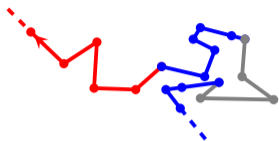


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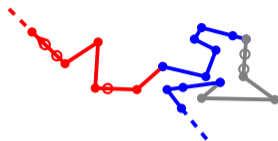


Coupling via the coefficient
[Terrée et al., 2022]

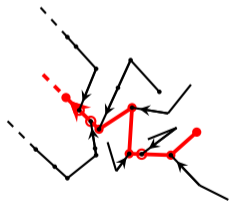
Perspectives – towards non-linear situations



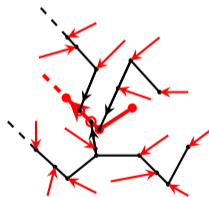
Coupling via the sources



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Coupling via the coefficient
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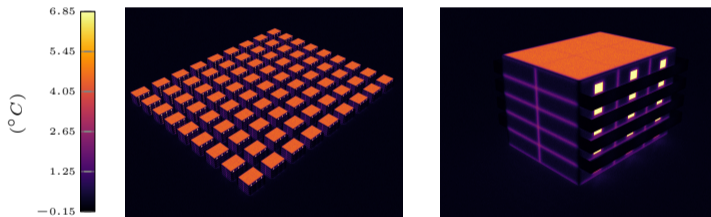
Non-linear coupling
[Rioux-Lavoie et al., 2022]

Conclusion

- ▶ A methodology to solve a situation of coupling via the sources in a single path-space

Conclusion

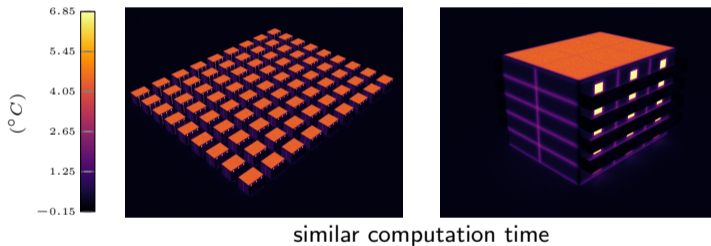
- ▶ A methodology to solve a situation of coupling via the sources in a single path-space



similar computation time

Conclusion

- ▶ A methodology to solve a situation of coupling via the sources in a single path-space



- ▶ Perspectives towards the solving of non-linear situations

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